

## About the Cover:

*Melicoccus bijugatus* is a fruit-bearing tree in the soapberry family (Sapindaceae), which contains horse chestnut, maples, and lychee. It is native to tropical South and Central America. Other common names for it include Bajan ackee, Spanish lime or mamoncillo. *M. bijugatus* is naturalized in coastal and dry forest in Central America, the Caribbean, and parts of Afro-Eurasia. Trees height is up to 25 m with alternate, compound leaves with four elliptic leaflets. Trees are drought tolerant and are usually dioecious. The fruit is a green drupe 2.5 to 4.0 cm long and 2.0 cm wide. The fruit has a thick green rind and the pulp is orange, salmon or yellowish, with a juicy and pasty texture. Most fruits have one whitish seed, surrounded by an edible, orange, Juicy, gelatinous pulp. There are two varieties: one is sweet and the other is sour. Fruits of the sweet variety mature in the summer, with soluble solids concentration of 19%, and the flavor is acid-sweet, wine-like, and are high in vitamin C, vitamins B1 and B2, iron and phosphorous, and can lower blood pressure. Fruits are usually consumed fresh, but can be used to prepare soft drinks and alcoholic beverages. The pit is edible and when roasted, it resembles cashew nuts. The wood of the tree is pale, dense and moderately heavy with a fine grain, and is used for construction, carpentry, and cabinetmaking. The leaves are used for traditional preparatons and as a pest deterrent.

## Correction:

In volume 77, number 3, on the Contents page and page 165, the senior author's name should read Griffin Erich.