

## GRAPE GROWING IN COLORADO

By George Beach and L. R. Bryant,  
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This bulletin indicates that grapes are not commercially successful over most of Colorado because of unfavorable soil and climatic conditions, and late maturity of the crop.

### Varieties

American (*V. labrusca*) varieties are the most common but European (*V. vinifera*) types are found to a small extent on the Western Slope.

The most urgent need at the present time is for varieties which are adapted to alkaline soils and are resistant to chlorosis. Concord and many of the common commercial varieties are not suitable for Colorado conditions. Forty-two grape varieties are classified into the three following groups based on their resistance or susceptibility to chlorosis.

### Group 1. Chlorosis—resistant or nearly chlorosis free

Agawam	Elvira
Bacchus	Goethe
Barry	Herbert
Beta	King
Brighton	Portland
Caco	Salem
Clinton	Urbana
Daisy	Vergennes
Delaware	Wilder
Eaton	Winchell

### Group 2. Light to medium chlorosis.

Campbell's Early	Lindley
Catawba	Moyer
Champion	Niagara
Concord	Ontario
Fredonia	Regal
Gaertner	Sheridan
Hubbard	Worden
Ives	Wyoming

### Group 3. Severe chlorosis.

Champagne	Lutie
Diamond	Moore's Early
Lucile	Pocklington

This bulletin also includes information on soil selection and management, plant propagation, planting, pruning and training, harvesting, and insect and disease control.—W.P.J.

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