

NEW STRAWBERRIES LOOK GOOD

By E. B. Morrow, 1946

Research and Farming Vol. 4 (3): 2.

North Carolina Agr. Expt. Sta.

In a test of 25 varieties at the McCullers Branch Station in central North Carolina, *Midland* outyielded all other varieties. This new variety produced at the rate of 278 crates per acre compared with 191 crates each for *Blakemore* and *Massey*. *Midland* is high in vitamin C and is well adapted to freezing. It is worth a trial in the Piedmont and Mountain sections as a home and local market variety.

Contrary to the results at McCullers, *Midland* was not as well adapted to conditions in the southeastern part of the state. In a test of 25 varieties at the Coastal Plain Station, *Fairfax* and *N. Car. 1039* were the highest yielders. *Fairfax* has proved to be a good parent in breeding, but is too dark for commercial use.

N. Car. 1039 has outyielded both *Blakemore* and *Massey* at the Coastal Plains Station during the past two seasons. It is about the color, size, and season of *Massey*, and shows promise of being a good companion berry to *Blakemore* and *Massey*. — W.P.J.



Midland strawberries, a real treat.

VARIETIES OF FRUIT FOR SOUTH DAKOTA

By S. A. McCrory, 1946

S. Dak. Agr. Expt. Sta. Circ. 61. 4 pages

In this bulletin the state of South Dakota is divided into four sections having similar climatic conditions. Varieties of apples, apricots, bush cherries, sour cherries, cherry-plums, gooseberries, grapes, pears, plums, raspberries and strawberries are recommended for each section.

Variety descriptions are not included.

Seven suggestions are made concerning the selection of hardy stocks, diversified planting, proper care of fruit plants, and windbreaks. — W.P.J.